(c) A Review Committee has been constituted in the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare in September, 2004, to review the provisions of Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994 and the Transplantation of Human Organs Rules, 1995 in the light of observations made by Delhi High Court in Case No. Writ Petition (Cr.) 813/2004.

Asymmetry in the Visa regimes of India and Pakistan

2383. SHRI EKANATH K. THAKUR: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have noted the fact that asymmetry in the visa regimes of India and Pakistan is posing an internal security threat; and

(b) whether it is a fact that the ISI has been exploiting our unilaterally liberal visa policy and the inadequacy of our systems to ensure that Pakistan visitors do not stay beyond the period allowed in the visa, disappear and become untraceable?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) There is no specific input or information on record to infer that the asymmetry in the visa regime of India and Pakistan is posing an internal security threat.

(b) No such report regarding exploitation of our liberal visa policy by ISI have been received so far.

Amendment in Commission of Inquiry Act

2384. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to amend the Commission of Inquiry Act so that the inquiries are time bound, the Judges are appointed by Government in consultation with the Leader of the Opposition and the recommendations are mandatory for Governments;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. REGUPATHY): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Does not arise.

Unsolved cases of murders

†2385. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

SHRI RAVI SHANKAR PRASAD:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there are cases of murder in the States of Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar etc; pending in which investigation could not be completed even in two decades;

(b) if so, what is State-wise number of those cases of murders during the period from 1988 to 2004 in which investigation has not been completed as yet; and

(c) what are the details of those cases of murders during the year of 1989, particularly in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, in which investigation work has not been completed so far and the reasons of such delay in investigation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO HODLYA GAVIT): (a) to (c) "Police" and "Public order" are State subjects under the Constitution of India. The responsibility of detection, registration, investigation, prosecution and prevention of crimes rests on the State Governments. The Union Government does not maintain details of time taken in completion of investigation in each case. It is therefore not possible to indicate whether in some cases of murder, the investigation could not be completed even after two decades. The National Crime Records Bureau has however been maintaining the number of cases pending investigation at the end of each year since 1991. A Statement containing State/UT wise details of murder cases pending investigation at the end of each of the year from 1991 to 2003 are given in the enclosed Statement (See below). Number of murder cases pending investigation at the end of 2003 in Delhi, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar were 452,1046 and 3476 respectively. Similar figures prior to 1991 and for 2004 are not available.

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.